

SAFETY DATA SHEET Bradex Easy Start

SECTION 1: Identification of the	ne substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	Bradex Easy Start
Product number	BES1A
Internal identification	PA013L
REACH registration notes	This is a MIXTURE; no registration information contained in this document . Holts are classed as Downstream User.
1.2. Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Car maintenance product.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	ne safety data sheet
Supplier	A Holts Car Care Product Holt Lloyd International Ltd Barton Dock Road Stretford Manchester M32 0YQ - England, UK +44 (0) 161 866 4800 FAX +44 (0) 161 866 4854 www.holtsauto.com
Contact person	Contact Email address: info@holtsauto.com
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	nber
Emergency telephone	UK - 00 44 (0) 161 866 4800 Office hrs = 0900 - 1700 hrs Out of office hours Tel: 020 7358 9167
National emergency telephone number	https://poisoncentres.echa.europa.eu/
SECTION 2: Hazards identifica	ation
2.1. Classification of the subst	ance or mixture
Classification (EC 1272/2008)	
Physical hazards	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 STOT SE 3 - H336
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412
Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	Xn;R22. F+;R12. R19,R52/53,R66,R67.

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram





Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated H302 Harmful if swallowed. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P102 Keep out of reach of children. P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P261 Avoid breathing spray. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. EUH019 May form explosive peroxides.
Contains	DIETHYL ETHER, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, DI-ISOPROPYL ETHER, ACETONE
Supplementary precautionary statements	 P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P330 Rinse mouth. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

DIETHYL ETHER		10-30%
CAS number: 60-29-7	EC number: 200-467-2	
Classification	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC)	
Flam. Liq. 1 - H224	F+;R12 R19 Xn;R22 R66 R67	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
STOT SE 3 - H336		

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		10-30%
CAS number: 64742-49-0	EC number: 265-151-9	
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) Xn;R65. Xi;R38. F;R11. N;R51/53. R67.	
DI-ISOPROPYL ETHER		10-30%
CAS number: 108-20-3	EC number: 203-560-6	
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 STOT SE 3 - H336	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) F;R11 R19 R66 R67	
BUTANE		10-30%
CAS number: 106-97-8	EC number: 203-448-7	
Classification Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) F+;R12	
ACETONE		5-10%
CAS number: 67-64-1	EC number: 200-662-2	
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) F;R11 Xi;R36 R66 R67	
ISOBUTANE		5-10%
CAS number: 75-28-5	EC number: 200-857-2	
Classification Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas	Classification (67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC) F+;R12	
The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazan SECTION 4: First aid measures	rd Statements are Displayed in Section 16.	

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air at once. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.	
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure. Get medical attention promptly if symptoms occur after washing.	
Inhalation	Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. In case of overexposure, organic solvents may depress the central nervous system causing dizziness and intoxication, and at very high concentrations unconsciousness and death.	
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this material it is unlikely that swallowing will occur.	
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.	
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Redness. Pain.	
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with the following media: Powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc.	
5.2. Special hazards arising fro	om the substance or mixture	
Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Protective actions during firefighting	Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.	
6.2. Environmental precaution	S	
Environmental precautions	Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used.	
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up	Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Leave small quantities to evaporate, if safe to do so. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.	
6.4. Reference to other sections		
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. For waste disposal, see section 13.	
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage	
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	ling	

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Storage precautions	Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C.	
7.3. Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.	
SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection		

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

DIETHYL ETHER

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 310 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 200 ppm 620 mg/m³

DI-ISOPROPYL ETHER

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 250 ppm 1060 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 310 ppm 1310 mg/m³

BUTANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 600 ppm 1450 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 750 ppm 1810 mg/m³

ACETONE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

ISOBUTANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OES 800 ppm Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): OES 800 ppm WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	No specific eye protection noted, but may be required anyway.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent reasonably probable skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash hands after handling.
Respiratory protection	No specific recommendations.
Environmental exposure controls	Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties		
9.1. Information on basic physi	ical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Aerosol.	
Colour	Clear liquid. Colourless.	
Odour	Organic solvents.	
Flash point	-38°C	
Auto-ignition temperature	180°C	
9.2. Other information		
Other information	Not relevant.	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not determined.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid contact with the following materials: Strong oxidising agents. Strong alkalis. Strong mineral acids.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	on products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Fire creates: Vapours/gases/fumes of: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).	
SECTION 11: Toxicological inf	formation	
11.1. Information on toxicologic	cal effects	
Toxicological effects	No data recorded.	
Other health effects	There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.	
<u>Acute toxicity - oral</u> ATE oral (mg/kg)	1,857.36	
Inhalation	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.	
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. Swallowing concentrated chemical may cause severe internal injury.	
Skin contact	Irritating to skin. Product has a defatting effect on skin. May cause allergic contact eczema.	

Eye contact	Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting. Repeated exposure may cause chronic eye irritation.	
Route of entry	Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact	
SECTION 12: Ecological Inform	nation	
Ecotoxicity	Dangerous for the environment. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. However, The product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.	
12.1. Toxicity		
12.2. Persistence and degrada	bility	
Persistence and degradability	The product is expected to be biodegradable.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	d -	
Bioaccumulative potential	The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvE	3 assessment	
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.	
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
SECTION 13: Disposal conside	erations	
SECTION 13: Disposal considered 13.1. Waste treatment method		
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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class	2.1
ADR/RID classification code	5F
ADR/RID label	2.1
IMDG class	2.1
ICAO class/division	2.1
ADN class	2.1

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group	
ADR/RID packing group	None
IMDG packing group	None
ADN packing group	None
ICAO packing group	None

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special pr	ecautions for user
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EmS	F-D, S-U	
ADR transport category	2	
Tunnel restriction code	(D)	
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Append		

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 716).
EU legislation	Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC. Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC.
Authorisations (Title VII Regulation 1907/2006)	No specific authorisations are known for this product.
Restrictions (Title VIII Regulation 1907/2006)	No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date	06/09/2016
Revision	6
Supersedes date	08/09/2014
SDS number	14771
Risk phrases in full	 R11 Highly flammable. R12 Extremely flammable. R19 May form explosive peroxides. R22 Harmful if swallowed. R36 Irritating to eyes. R38 Irritating to skin. R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Hazard statements in full	 H220 Extremely flammable gas. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.